WHAT IS A FLEXIBLE SIGMOIDOSCOPY?
A flexible sigmoidoscopy is a procedure that allows the endoscopist to look directly at the lining of the rectum and sigmoid, the lower part of the large bowel (Colon). It is performed using a thin flexible tube (colonoscope) with a camera and a light on the tip which is used to look at the area being examined. It also allows for 1) a sample of tissue (biopsy) to be taken for examination by the pathology department 2) The removal of polyps (which are like little cherries) that can grow on the bowel wall and 3) The treatment of haemorrhoids (piles) with banding or injection of oily phenol. The procedure lasts 5-10 minutes. It is usually not painful but can feel a little uncomfortable.

GETTING READY FOR THE PROCEDURE
If you opt for sedation you will need to fast for 4 hours prior to having the procedure. To obtain a clear view, the lower colon must be completely empty. You will receive detailed instructions about how to prepare your bowel for the procedure and it is essential that you follow these instructions exactly. Alternatively you may be prescribed an enema on the day of your procedure. This will be carried out by your nurse when you arrive in the unit. When you arrive on the day of your procedure, it is important to tell the doctor or nurse about any medications (prescription or non) or antibiotics you are taking and also about any allergies or bad reactions you may have had in the past. If you are a diabetic you must inform your doctor pre-admission. You will be asked to undress and to wear a gown and dignity shorts. Please bring a dressing gown and slippers with you. If you are on any medications (apart from tablets for diabetes) these should be taken as normal on the morning of your procedure. However if you are on iron tablets these should be discontinued one week prior to your procedure. On arrival, the procedure will be explained to you and you are asked to bring this signed consent form agreeing that you understand the procedure and its implications.

DURING THE PROCEDURE
In the procedure room, you will be made comfortable lying on your left side with your knees drawn up. The endoscopist will gently pass the colonoscope into the back passage and air will be passed to inflate the bowel. You may notice some windy pains due to the air that has been put in the bowel.

SEDATION
There are two options available to you. 1) No sedation option: This procedure can be carried out without sedation. You will be fully aware of the procedure which most patients find acceptable and not too uncomfortable. You will not have to fast and may go home once you have spoken with your doctor. 2) Intravenous sedation option: You will be given an intravenous injection into the vein to make you feel relaxed and sleepy but not unconscious (this is not a general anaesthetic). This option means you may have a reduced awareness of the procedure. You will be given oxygen through your nose. A nurse will remain with you during the procedure to monitor your pulse and blood pressure. Please note that in discussion with your doctor it is possible for you to change your mind during the course of your procedure and you may opt for the sedation option if you wish.

POTENTIAL PROBLEMS
After the procedure you may have some crampy pains and bloating which will pass soon after. Drug Reaction: The sedation used for the procedure is usually very safe with only a very slight risk of a reaction. Bleeding: If a polyp is found during the course of the procedure, this will be removed which may result in some bleeding. This bleeding can often be stopped straight away but may occasionally be more serious or even occur a few days later. Depending on the size, the risk of bleeding is 1 in 200 polyps removed. Many polyps are the type which can turn into cancer if left untreated for a long period of time and removing them when still benign eliminates this risk. Perforation: It is possible to damage the large bowel lining making a hole. This allows bowel contents to escape causing severe inflammation in the abdomen (peritonitis). An operation is nearly always required to repair this hole. The risk of this happening is approximately 1 in every 2000 examinations. Missed Pathology: It is important to remember that no test is perfect and even with complete examination significant disease may be missed in up to 5% of cases.

FOLLOWING YOUR PROCEDURE
The consultant will meet with you following your procedure to discuss your follow up care prior to discharge. If you have received sedation you will be taken to the recovery area while the sedation wears off and you must continue fasting for 1 hour. Please follow the additional advice included overleaf. PLEASE NOTE THAT FOLLOWING A SEDATED PROCEDURE YOU WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO LEAVE THE HOSPITAL UNACCOMPANIED. WE THEREFORE ASK THAT YOU MAKE ARRANGEMENTS TO HAVE A FRIEND OR RELATIVE COLLECT YOU. YOU ARE ADVISED TO HAVE A RESPONSIBLE ADULT STAY WITH YOU FOR THE NEXT 12 HOURS.

If you have any questions about the procedure, your doctor or nurse will be only too pleased to answer them. You can call the Endoscopy Department in the Bon Secours Hospital on 01-8065490/ 01-8065492 from 7.30am – 8.00pm. Outside of these hours, please contact the nursing office on 01-8065331